- (5) CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES ACT.—Section 401(h)(3)(A)(iii)(II) of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 841(h)(3)(A)(iii)(II)) is amended by striking "section 230(c) of the Communications Act of 1934" and inserting "section 232(e) of the Communications Act of 1934".
- (6) WEBB-KENYON ACT.—Section 3(b)(1) of the Act entitled "An Act divesting intoxicating liquors of their interstate character in certain cases", approved March 1, 1913 (commonly known as the "Webb-Kenyon Act") (27 U.S.C. 122b(b)(1)) is amended by striking "(as defined in section 230(f) of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 230(f))" and inserting "(as defined in section 232 of the Communications Act of 1934)".
- (7) TITLE 28, UNITED STATES CODE.—Section 4102 of title 28, United States Code, is amended—
- (A) in subsection (c)—
- (i) by striking "section 230 of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 230)" and inserting "section 232 of the Communications Act of 1934"; and
- (ii) by striking "section 230 if" and inserting "that section if"; and
- (B) in subsection (e)(2), by striking "section 230 of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 230)" and inserting "section 232 of the Communications Act of 1934".
- (8) TITLE 31, UNITED STATES CODE.—Section 5362(6) of title 31, United States Code, is amended by striking "section 230(f) of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 230(f))" and inserting "section 232 of the Communications Act of 1934".
- (9) NATIONAL TELECOMMUNICATIONS AND INFORMATION ADMINISTRATION ORGANIZATION ACT.—Section 157(e)(1) of the National Telecommunications and Information Administration Organization Act (47 U.S.C. 941(e)(1)) is amended, in the matter preceding subparagraph (A), by striking "section 230(c) of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 230(c))" and inserting "section 232(e) of the Communications Act of 1934".
- (c) APPLICABILITY.—Subsections (c) and (d) of section 232 of the Communications Act of 1934, as added by subsection (a), shall apply to a common carrier technology company on and after the date that is 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act.

SA 2007. Mr. HAGERTY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 1502 proposed by Mr. SCHUMER to the bill S. 1260, to establish a new Directorate for Technology and Innovation in the National Science Foundation, to establish a regional technology hub program, to require a strategy and report on economic security, science, research, innovation, manufacturing, and job creation, to establish a critical supply chain resiliency program, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

## TITLE \_\_\_\_\_PROTECT ELECTORAL COLLEGE ACT

#### SEC. 01. SHORT TITLE.

This title may be cited as the "Protecting the Right to Organized, Transparent Elections through a Constitutionally Trustworthy Electoral College Act (PROTECT Electoral College Act)".

## SEC. \_\_\_02. REPORT ON 2020 GENERAL ELECTION.

- (a) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this section:
- (1) 2016 PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION.—The term "2016 Presidential election" means the gen-

- eral election for Federal office occurring in 2016.
- (2) 2020 PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION.—The term "2020 Presidential election" means the general election for Federal office occurring in 2020.
- (3) APPLICABLE ELECTION SECURITY FUNDS.— The term "applicable election security funds" means the amount of grant funding provided to the State by the Election Assistance Commission—
- (A) from amounts appropriated under the heading "Election Assistance Commission, Election Security Grants" in the Financial Services and General Government Appropriations Act, 2020 (Public Law 116–93); or
- (B) from amounts appropriated under the heading "Election Assistance Commission, Election Security Grants" in the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (Public Law 116–136).
- (4) STATE.—The term "State" has the meaning given such term under section 901 of the Help America Vote Act of 2002 (52 U.S.C. 21141), except that such term shall include the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands.
- (5) Unsolicited mail-in ballot.—The term "unsolicited mail-in ballot" means any ballot sent to a voter by mail if—
- (A) such ballot was not specifically requested by the voter; or
- (B) the ballot request by the voter was initiated by the mailing of a ballot application not specifically requested by the voter.
- (6) UNSOLICITED MAIL-IN BALLOT PERCENT-AGE.—The term "unsolicited mail-in ballot percentage" means the number of unsolicited mail-in ballots distributed in the State as a percentage of the number of total ballots provided to voters in the State.
- (b) REPORT.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General shall submit to Congress and make publicly available a report on the 2020 Presidential election.
- (2) MATTERS INCLUDED.—The report submitted under paragraph (1) shall include the following with respect to each State: that received applicable election security funds:
- (A) UNSOLICITED MAIL-IN BALLOT PERCENTAGE.—
- (i) IN GENERAL.—An analysis of whether the unsolicited mail-in ballot percentage for State for the 2020 Presidential election was greater than the unsolicited mail-in ballot percentage for the State for the 2016 Presidential election.
- (ii) RELEVANT AUTHORITY FOR ANY INCREASE.—If the Comptroller General determines that the unsolicited mail-in ballot percentage for the State for the 2020 Presidential election was greater than the unsolicited mail-in ballot percentage for the State for the 2016 Presidential election, the Comptroller General shall provide a description of any change in authority (including any statutory change relating to the distribution of unsolicited mail-in ballots), action, or directive concerning unsolicited mail-in ballots occurring between the 2016 Presidential election and 2020 Presidential election that may have led to such result.
- (B) Mail-in voter verification procedures.—
- (i) IN GENERAL.—An analysis of whether there were changes in the State's methods and processes used to verify the identification of voters who vote using mail-in ballots, including signature verification requirements, that applied with respect to the 2020 Presidential election but did not apply to the 2016 Presidential election.
- (ii) RELEVANT AUTHORITY FOR CHANGES.—If the Comptroller General determines that there were changes in the State's mail-in voter verification procedures described in

- clause (i), the Comptroller General shall provide a description of any authority (including any statutory authority), action, or directive that led to such change.
  - (C) OTHER ELECTION PROCEDURES .-
- (i) IN GENERAL.—An analysis of whether the State materially altered or changed its election procedures for the 2020 Presidential election (other than procedures described in subparagraph (B)) from the procedures in effect for the 2016 Presidential election.
- (ii) RELEVANT AUTHORITY FOR CHANGES.—If the Comptroller General determines that there were changes in the election procedures described in clause (i), the Comptroller General shall provide a description of any authority (including any statutory authority), action, or directive that led to such change
  - (D) MAIL-IN BALLOT COLLECTION.—
- (i) IN GENERAL.—An analysis of whether there were specific, documented allegations of a person other than a voter or a voter's family member or caregiver collecting or returning the voter's completed ballot in the 2020 Presidential election.
- (ii) RELEVANT AUTHORITY FOR COLLECTION.—
  If the Comptroller General determines that there were specific, documented allegations described in clause (i), the Comptroller General shall provide a description of any authority (including any statutory authority), action, or directive permitting such collection or return
- (E) OBSERVATION OF BALLOT COUNTING.—An analysis of whether the State has a statute providing for third-party observation of ballot counting, and if so, whether there were specific, documented instances in connection with the 2020 Presidential election in which the State is alleged to have failed to comply with such statute.
- (F) FAILURE TO ENFORCE.—An analysis of whether there were specific, documented instances in connection with the 2020 Presidential election in which the State allegedly failed to enforce one or more of its election statutes (other than a statute described in subparagraph (E)).
- (G) USE OF APPLICABLE ELECTION SECURITY FUNDS.—In the case of a State that received applicable election security funds, an analysis of—
- (i) whether such funds were used to make expenditures with respect to the 2020 Presidential election:
- (ii) whether such funds were used in connection with any activity carried out pursuant to an authority, action, or directive described in subparagraph (A)(ii), (B)(ii), (C)(ii), or (D)(ii); and
- (iii) whether the State complied with all statutory and other conditions imposed in connection with the receipt of such funds.
- (H) SUBSEQUENT STATE ACTIONS.—A description of any of the following actions taken by the State legislature:
- (i) The passage of a resolution expressing an opinion on, or the submission to Congress or the Comptroller General of a communication relating to, the items described in subparagraphs (A) through (G).
- (ii) The enactment, after the completion of the 2020 Presidential election, of legislation regarding any authority, action, or directive described in subparagraph (A)(ii), (B)(ii), (C)(ii), or (D)(ii) or any failure described in subparagraph (E) or (F).

# SEC. \_\_03. TEMPORARY SUSPENSION OF, AND REQUIREMENTS FOR, FUTURE ELECTION ASSISTANCE GRANTS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subtitle D of title II of the Help America Vote Act of 2002 (52 U.S.C. 20901 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following new part:

## "PART 7—REQUIREMENTS FOR ELECTION ASSISTANCE

### "SEC. 297. SUSPENSION OF ELECTION ASSISTANCE.

"(a) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no grant may be awarded under this Act before July 1, 2022.

"(b) SUSPENSION OF PREVIOUS GRANTS.—No State may expend Federal funds provided under this Act before the date of the enactment of this section before July 1, 2022.

#### "SEC. 298. REQUIREMENTS FOR FUTURE ELEC-TION ASSISTANCE.

"(a) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no State may receive any grant awarded under this Act after the date of the enactment of this section unless the State has certified by resolution adopted by the State legislature, as a condition of receiving the grant, that it is in compliance with the requirements of subsection (b)

"(b) REQUIREMENTS.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—A State satisfies the requirements of this section if, in connection with any election for Federal office—

"(A) the methods and processes used by the State to verify the identification of voters who vote using mail-in ballots are specifically set forth in statute:

"(B) except as specifically provided by statute—

"(i) the State does not use unsolicited mail-in balloting; and

"(ii) the State does not permit persons other than the voter or the voter's family members or caregivers to return a voter's completed ballot;

"(C) for any election after the last day that the public health emergency declared by the Secretary of Health and Human Services under section 319 of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 247d) on January 31, 2020, with respect to COVID-19, is in effect, the State uses all voting procedures in place as of January 1, 2020 (except as modified by State statutes applying to elections after such date):

"(D) in the case of State that has a law providing for third-party observation of ballot counting, such ballot observation law is strictly followed in all instances;

"(E) the State complies with all requirements under title III; and

"(F) the State has taken documented, affirmative measures to address—

"(i) any prior failure to satisfy the requirements of subparagraphs (A) through (E) that is identified by the State legislature in a resolution (or other similar communication submitted to Congress and the Comptroller General); or

"(ii) any prior specific, documented instance in which the State—

"(I) failed to enforce one or more of its election statutes; or

``(II) materially altered or changed its election procedures without a corresponding state statutory enactment.

''(2) Unsolicited Mail-In Balloting.—For purposes of paragraph (1)(B), the term 'unsolicited mail-in balloting' means the process of sending ballots to a voter by mail if—

"(A) such ballot was not specifically requested by the voter; or

"(B) the ballot request by the voter was initiated by the mailing of a ballot application not specifically requested by the voter.

# "PART 8—PROHIBITION ON USE OF FUNDS "SEC. 299. PROHIBITION ON USE OF FUNDS.

"Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any amounts provided under this Act shall not be used in furtherance of any election procedure that is not expressly set forth in a statute enacted by the State legislature."

(b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—The table of contents in section 1(b) of the Help America

Vote Act of 2002 is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 296 the following:

"PART 7—REQUIREMENTS FOR ELECTION
ASSISTANCE

"Sec. 297. Suspension of election assistance. "Sec. 298. Requirements for future election assistance.

"PART 8—PROHIBITION ON USE OF FUNDS "Sec. 299. Prohibition on use of funds.".

SA 2008. Mr. HAGERTY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 1502 proposed by Mr. SCHUMER to the bill S. 1260, to establish a new Directorate for Technology and Innovation in the National Science Foundation, to establish a regional technology hub program, to require a strategy and report on economic security, science, research, innovation, manufacturing, and job creation, to establish a critical supply chain resiliency program, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle B of title II of division C, add the following:

### SEC. 3236. EMERGENCY RESUPPLY FOR IRON DOME.

(a) SHORT TITLE.—This section may be cited as the "Emergency Resupply for IRON DOME Act of 2021".

(b) FUNDING FOR IRON DOME SHORT-RANGE ROCKET DEFENSE SYSTEM.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, including section 1649 of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116–283) and sections 482(b) and 531(e) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2291a(b) and 2346(e)), the President shall transfer all unexpended balances of appropriations made available for assistance to Gaza—

(1) to the Department of Defense, to be available for grants to Israel for the Iron Dome short-range rocket defense system; or

(2) to the Foreign Military Financing Program authorized under section 23 of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2763), to be available for grants to Israel for the Iron Dome short-range rocket defense system.

SA 2009. Mr. HAGERTY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 1502 proposed by Mr. SCHUMER to the bill S. 1260, to establish a new Directorate for Technology and Innovation in the National Science Foundation, to establish a regional technology hub program, to require a strategy and report on economic security, science, research, innovation, manufacturing, and job creation, to establish a critical supply chain resiliency program, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

# SEC. \_\_\_\_\_. PROTECTING AMERICANS AGAINST FENTANYL AND OTHER SYNTHETIC OPIOIDS.

(a) STATEMENT OF POLICY.—It is the policy of the United States that all cabinet officials and other Government officers shall, in advancing American interests by working with other countries and international organizations, advocate for treating fentanyl and other synthetic opioids as weapons of mass destruction.

(b) HOMELAND SECURITY ACT OF 2002.—Section 1921 of the Homeland Security Act of

2002 (6 U.S.C. 591g) is amended by inserting "fentanyl or synthetic opioid," after "chemical"

(c) DEFENSE AGAINST WEAPONS OF MASS DESTRUCTION ACT OF 1996.—Section 1403(1) of the Defense Against Weapons of Mass Destruction Act of 1996 (50 U.S.C. 2302(1)) is amended—

(1) in subparagraph (B), by striking "or" at the end;

(2) in subparagraph (C), by striking the period at the end and inserting "; or"; and

(3) by adding at the end the following:

"(D) illicit fentanyl, fentanyl analogues, or synthetic opioids.".

(d) FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE SURVEILLANCE ACT OF 1978.—Section 101(p)(2) of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1801(p)(2)) is amended by inserting ", including illicit fentanyl, fentanyl analogues, or synthetic opioids" after "precursors"

SA 2010. Mr. HAGERTY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 1260, to establish a new Directorate for Technology and Innovation in the National Science Foundation, to establish a regional technology hub program, to require a strategy and report on economic security, science, research, innovation, manufacturing, and job creation, to establish a critical supply chain resiliency program, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

### SEC. \_\_\_\_. REPORT ON USE OF DRUG DETECTION TECHNOLOGY AT THE BORDER.

Not later than 6 months after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter, the Secretary of Homeland Security shall submit a report to Congress that describes—

(1) the technology that has been authorized by U.S. Customs and Border Protection to detect drug contraband entering the United States at or between ports of entry;

(2) the resources Congress has provided in furtherance of the technology described in paragraph (1);

(3) the technology that has been utilized at the United States border to detect drug contraband entering the United States at or between ports of entry; and

(4) the resources that the Department of Homeland Security has expended in furtherance of such technology.

SA 2011. Mr. HAGERTY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 1502 proposed by Mr. SCHUMER to the bill S. 1260, to establish a new Directorate for Technology and Innovation in the National Science Foundation, to establish a regional technology hub program, to require a strategy and report on economic security, science, research, innovation, manufacturing, and job creation, to establish a critical supply chain resiliency program, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

In section 3291I(c), strike "a written report" and all that follows through "detailing a description" and insert the following: "an unclassified written report, with a classified annex, that includes—

(1) a description

In section 3291I, amend subsection (e) to read as follows: